ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 3, 1945, from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 50 100-pound bags of durum flour at Connellsville, Pa., in the possession of La Premiata Macaroni Corporation. The article was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent hair fragments.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 6, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9238. Adulteration of pancake flour. U. S. v. 64 Sacks of Pancake Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 19048. Sample No. 9828–H.)

LIBEL FILED: January 31, 1946, Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 18, 1945, from Springfield, Ill.

Product: 64 sacks, each containing 10 5-pound bags, of pancake flour at Buffalo, N. Y., in the possession of the Buffalo Merchandise Warehouse. The article was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Many bags were rodent-gnawed, and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained mold.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: January 25, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. It was denatured and utilized as stock feed.

9239. Adulteration of pancake flour. U. S. v. 9 Cases of Pancake Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 18840. Sample No. 50646-H.)

LIBEL FILED: January 10, 1946, District of North Dakota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 30, 1945, by Griggs, Cooper and Co. from St. Paul, Minn.

PRODUCT: 9 cases, each containing 12 3½-pound packages, of pancake flour at Fargo, N. Dak. The product contained rodent hairs and insect fragments.

LABEL, IN PART: "Home Brand Self Rising Pancake Four."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

DISPOSITION: April 22, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9240. Adulteration of pastry flour. U. S. v. 64 Bags of Pastry Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 18982. Sample No. 8135-H.)

LIBEL FILED: January 15, 1946, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 18, 1945, from Springfield, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 64 100-pound bags of pastry flour at Brooklyn, N. Y., in the possession of the Fashion Bakers. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on the bags, and examination showed that the product was contaminated with urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth

Disposition: February 15, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9241. Adulteration of rice flour. U. S. v. 499 Bags of Rice Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 18754. Sample No. 37836-H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about January 5, 1946, District of Oregon.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 17, 1945, by Balfour, Guthrie and Co., Ltd., from Sacramento, Calif.

PRODUCT: 499 100-pound bags of rice flour at Portland, Oreg.

LABEL, IN PART: "Farmers' Rice Growers Co-Op. Sacramento California."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: January 18, 1946. The Crown Mills, Portland, Oreg., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reprocessed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was to be denatured for use as animal feed.

9242. Adulteration of rye flour and plain flour. U. S. v. 9 Bags of Rye Flour and 17 Bags of Plain Flour. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 18625. Sample Nos. 960-H, 961-H.)

LIBEL FILED: December 6, 1945, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 5, 1945, by the Russell-Miller Milling Co., from Alton, Ill.

PRODUCT: 9 100-pound bags of rye flour and 17 100-pound bags of plain flour at Miami, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pure White Rye Flour," or "Special Powerful Blending Flour Bleached."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and cast skins.

DISPOSITION: January 14, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

9243. Adulteration of self-rising flour and plain flour. U. S. v. 348 Bags of Self-Rising Flour (and 1 other seizure action against self-rising flour and plain flour). Default decrees of condemnation. Products ordered delivered to a Federal institution for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. Nos. 18648, 18649. Sample Nos. 1608-H to 1612-H, incl.)

Libels Filed: On or about January 4, 1946, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of June 4 and September 25, 1945, from Springfield, Mo., and Memphis, Tenn.

PRODUCT: 26 50-pound bags, 752 10-pound bags, and 95 25-pound bags of selfrising flour, and 334 25-pound bags of plain flour at Rome, Ga., in the possession of the Simpson Grocery Co. The products were stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the products had been contaminated with urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: March 4, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered, and the products were ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

9244. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched plain flour and enriched selfrising flour. U. S. v. Texas Star Flour Mills. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. D. C. No. 16548. Sample Nos. 9686-F, 62033-F.)

INFORMATION FILED: October 30, 1945, Northern District of Texas, against the Texas Star Flour Mills, a corporation, Dallas, Tex.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 12 and November 1, 1944, from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana.

PRODUCT: Enriched plain flour and enriched self-rising flour.

LABEL, IN PART: "Bleached Ambrosia Flour Enriched," or "Self-Rising Southern Delight Enriched Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), (both lots) valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, in the plain flour, and thiamine